Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited

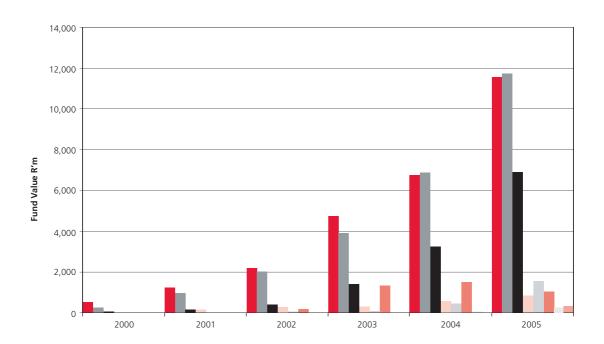
ANNUAL REPORT 2005



Growth in Allan Gray Unit Trusts

as at 31 December 2005

Allan Gray Equity Fund
Allan Gray Balanced Fund
Allan Gray Stable Fund
Allan Gray Money Market Fund
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds
Allan Gray Optimal Fund
Allan Gray Bond Fund
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund



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Chairman's Report - Market Commentary

MARKET COMMENTARY

Preamble

Before launching into our outlook for markets in the year ahead, it is as well to remind unitholders that we view our core competency as being business analysts rather than stockmarket operators. By this we mean our focus is decidedly on assessing the intrinsic value of a business or, if broken down into its parts, per share, as opposed to speculating on the next direction the market will take. In other words, we have much more confidence in our share selection process than we have in our ability to 'time' markets. This is substantiated by our long history of superior share selection to be found on the inside front cover of each of the quarterly reports we send to you.

Nevertheless, as is customary at this time, we provide you with some of our 'top-down' views for 2006, set out below.

International Stockmarkets

Following a twenty-year bull market, the Morgan Stanley World Index topped out in 2000. A rapid decline saw share prices halve by 2002 / 2003. Since then shares have rallied and are currently approaching the record levels set in 2000.

Is this a new bull market or are we witnessing a cyclical correction within a bear market? We do not know, but history suggests that, once a secular bull market has been broken, the chance of another bull phase emerging in such quick succession is small. The extended bear phases that followed both the 1929 and 1968 market tops in the USA endured for at least a decade and significantly longer when adjusted for inflation. We also observe that bear market corrections are often drawn out and even on occasions penetrate the previous top, leading investors to assume the bull market has reemerged.

Given that background, we note that earnings in the USA are extended and appear to be rolling over. This would be consistent with a mature economic upswing coupled with rising interest rates. Acknowledging the USA's locomotive role in world economic growth, any slowdown there can be expected to impact meaningfully on America's trading partners, not least those in the Far East. We remain cautious on the outlook for shares, especially the USA stockmarket.

The S.A. Stockmarket

The secular fall in inflation that produced quantum economic benefits for most of our trading partners over the past two decades is also belatedly changing the economic landscape, for the better, at home. Interest rates have more than halved, the Rand has strengthened and asset values together with confidence have risen dramatically. Metals, the cornerstone of our economy, have advanced strongly, adding to the new-found attraction of South Africa Inc.

Meanwhile, South African shares have leapt ahead, with the broad share index rising 124% since 2000. The \$ appreciation is of the same magnitude. Profits have also soared with earnings two and a half times the level they posted in 2000. Our perspective is that profits are currently extended and we anticipate some weakness in the medium-term. Given that shares currently yield less than bonds, any profit disappointment could lead to trouble.

Having said all that, we understand that stockmarkets move in broad sweeps from undervalued to overvalued and back again. While economic growth is the primary driving force, wide swings in investor confidence have dramatic effects on share prices at cyclical extremes.

Our fundamental proprietary research points to our stockmarket being fully valued at present. This in itself should serve as a warning, especially to new entrants as 2006 progresses. Nevertheless, market tops are typically synonymous with a frenzy of corporate activity such as new listings, rights issues, mergers etc. Little evidence of this has been seen to date, which suggests shares might well move still higher before the speculators' appetites are finally fulfilled.

Chairman's Report - Overview of Funds

OVERVIEW OF FUNDS

Introduction

Following a most fruitful 2004, share investors were rewarded with a truly bonanza year in 2005. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned 47.3% in 2005 which compounded together with the 25.4% in 2004, produced a total return of some 85% over a two-year period. In addition, our 'wealth creating' unit trusts returned excellent relative performance and are now either first or second, since inception, in their respective categories. We must once again caution investors that annual returns of this magnitude are clearly unsustainable especially given the current low levels of inflation.

Net sales for the year increased to R7.1 bn following the R5.2 bn received in 2004. This inflow, together with rising market values, boosted assets under management from R19.5 bn to R34.2 bn. Reflective of our investors' confidence, the Equity, Balanced, Stable and Global Fund of Funds are the largest funds in their respective categories. Our number of unitholders increased from 22,065 to 26,442.

Specific information on each of our funds follows in order of fund inception.

1. Allan Gray Equity Fund

Fund characteristics

Our Equity Fund is for clients who have decided to invest in the South African stockmarket through the Allan Gray equity selection process. Our mandate is to invest across the broad range of shares on the FTSE/JSE, selecting the most attractive shares, without assuming greater risk than the FTSE/JSE All Share Index.

To achieve this objective, the Fund is virtually fully invested in shares at all times. As a result, returns are likely to be volatile, both up and down. However, history shows that returns from long-term equity investments are superior to those derived from interest-earning or property assets.

Long-term Investment Objectives

We aim to earn a higher total rate of return than the average return of the South African equity market as represented by the FTSE/JSE All Share Index, including income, without assuming greater risk.

Performance to 31 December 2005

	Since Inception	1 year performance to
	1 October 1998	31 December 2005
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)
Allan Gray Equity Fund	1094.6	50.0
FTSE/JSE All Share Index	341.7	47.3
Sector Median	307.5	36.8
Outperformance of		
Outperformance of benchmark	752.9	2.7

Comment

Our investment objective, to outperform the FTSE/JSE All Share Index, has been achieved in 2005. Relative to its peers, the Fund ranked 2nd out of 46 funds in 2005. More importantly since inception on 1st October 1998 the Fund has measurably outperformed the index and is placed 1st out of 21 funds. The margin of outperformance since inception should be regarded as exceptional.

Over the long-term, the compounding effect of aboveaverage annual returns creates considerable real wealth. This is our mission on your behalf.

The rapidly rising market increases the likelihood of negative returns as the market inevitably adjusts. Investors should approach share investment with caution in 2006. We remind unitholders that our history of equity selection reveals that although our annual equity returns typically exceed the FTSE/JSE All Share Index, occasionally we do underperform.

2. Allan Gray Balanced Fund

Fund characteristics

Our Balanced Fund is for clients who have decided to delegate the asset allocation of their capital to Allan Gray Limited. This allocation is subject to the Prudential Investment Guidelines, as laid down in the Pension Funds Act.

Chairman's Report - Overview of Funds

The selection of counters within these broad categories is anticipated to resemble our managed retirement portfolios and, in the case of shares, the Allan Gray Equity Fund over time.

Given the spread of investments, we are confident that returns will be less volatile than those of the Equity Fund, but somewhat lower over the long-term.

Long-term Investment Objectives

To earn a higher rate of return than the market valueweighted average of its sector, excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, without assuming greater risk.

Performance to 31 December 2005

9	Since Inception	1 year performance to
1	October 1999	31 December 2005
Uı	nannualised (%)	Annualised (%)
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	355.4	36.5
Benchmark*	167.0	28.0
Outperformance	188.4	8.5

The market value-weighted average of the Domestic Asset Allocation Prudential Medium Equity sector excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund.

Comment

2005 was another excellent year for the Fund, both from a nominal and relative perspective. The Allan Gray Balanced Fund easily outperformed its benchmark in 2005 and was placed 2nd out of 27 funds. Since inception on 1st October 1999 the performance is exceptional and it is ranked 1st out of 14 funds. While we believe this margin of outperformance to be unsustainable, we remain confident that our investment process will continue to deliver superior long-term returns.

3. Allan Gray Stable Fund

Fund characteristics

With the risk-averse and yield-conscious investor in mind, the Allan Gray Stable Fund was introduced in July 2000 to complement the existing Allan Gray Equity Fund and Allan Gray Balanced Fund. The Stable Fund should appeal to those individuals who seek greater capital security together with a higher income return.

In line with the Balanced Fund, the asset allocation of the Stable Fund is subject to the Prudential Investment Guidelines, as laid down in the Pension Funds Act. In terms of the Fund's own rules, the maximum equity exposure is limited to 60%. However, unless the stockmarket offers exceptional value, the Fund's share exposure will be significantly lower. Through our proprietary analysis, shares in sound companies with good prospects are periodically uncovered which, surprisingly, generate dividend yields that approach bank deposit returns - especially on an after-tax basis. Such shares are selected not only for their high level of tax-free income but also because they tend to behave guite differently from the rest of the stockmarket. If the overall stockmarket rises or declines, these shares tend to move less in percentage terms. They therefore provide an element of capital stability together with a better yield.

This Fund thus offers a higher income stream with a low risk of permanent capital loss.

Long-term Investment Objectives

The Fund aims to provide a return that exceeds the aftertax return on bank deposits plus 2%. It also seeks to provide a high level of capital stability and to minimise the risk of loss over any two-year period.

Performance to 31 December 2005 (After-tax of 25%)

Outperformance	72.9	12.2	
Benchmark**	52.5	5.7	
Allan Gray Stable Fund*	125.4	17.9	
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)	
	1 July 2000	31 December 2005	
	Since Inception	1 year performance to	

^{*} Fund performance adjusted for income tax at an average rate of 25%

Comment

In 2005 the Stable Fund very easily achieved its goal of outperforming the after-tax return on bank deposits plus 2%. In its category it was placed 3rd out of 13 funds. We note that when making comparisons, funds in this sector could have widely diverse risk and reward profiles primarily due to differences in share exposure.

^{**} After-tax return of call deposits plus 2%.

Chairman's Report - Overview of Funds

Since inception on 1 July 2000, the level of outperformance of the Fund is seen as exceptional. The equity portion of the Fund has benefited from sharply rising equity markets, which has, once again, contributed to the significant outperformance of the benchmark during 2005. Given the higher level of equity markets, the Fund has now moved to a lower equity exposure which should temper return expectations.

4. Allan Gray Money Market Fund

Fund characteristics

The Fund was launched on 1 July 2001 in order to accommodate the highly risk-averse saver and more importantly those investors seeking a short-term 'parking place' for their funds.

Long-term Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide a return that exceeds the simple average of the Domestic Fixed Interest Money Market Unit Trust sector excluding the Allan Gray Money Market Fund.

Performance to 31 December 2005

Since	nception	1 year performance to
1 Jul	y 2001	31 December 2005
Unannu	alised (%)	Annualised (%)
Allan Gray Money Market Fund	50.2	7.1
Benchmark*	50.8	6.9
Outperformance	-0.6	0.2

^{*} Domestic Fixed Interest Money Market Unit Trust sector excluding the Allan Gray Money Market Fund.

Comment

In this category the difference in performance between funds is fractional. The Fund outperformed the benchmark in 2005 by only a small margin, but still achieved 3rd position out of 19 funds. Since inception on 1st July 2001 it is ranked 12th out of 15 funds.

5. Allan Gray Optimal Fund

Fund characteristics

This is a long-term absolute return fund for the investor who wishes to avoid the volatility generally associated with stock and bond markets, but still wants exposure to specialist stockpicking skills and seeks a positive rate of return which is higher than that of cash. This unique fund is designed to carry a low risk of capital loss.

The Fund invests in a portfolio of equities and substantially reduces stockmarket risk by using equity derivatives. As a result, the Fund's return should not be correlated with equity markets, being dependent instead on the ability of the Fund's equity portfolio to outperform the FTSE/JSE All Share Index.

Long-term Investment Objective

The Fund aims to exceed the return of the Daily Call Rate of FirstRand Bank Limited.

Performance to 31 December 2005

	Since Inception	1 year performance to		
	1 October 2002	31 December 2005		
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)		
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	38.2	9.0		
Benchmark*	27.9	5.5		
Outperformance	10.3	3.5		

^{*} Daily Call Rate of FirstRand Bank Limited

Comment

The funds in this sector are not ranked because they are so different from each other. This makes direct comparison inappropriate. The Fund beat its benchmark in 2005 and since inception performance has been rewarding.

6. Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds

Fund characteristics

The Fund was launched to cater for Rand investors wishing to gain exposure to international investments. The Fund allows them access to some investments that are not available locally. The Fund will always hold at least 85% of its assets offshore. Given the spread of investments, we are confident that returns will be less volatile than those of the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund, but somewhat lower over the long-term. Due to foreign exchange control regulations, the Fund was closed intermittently during the year.

Chairman's Report - Overview of Funds

Long-term Investment Objective

To earn a higher rate of return than the benchmark of 60% of the FTSE World Index and 40% of the JP Morgan Government Bond Global Index, at no greater than average risk of loss in its sector.

Performance to 31 December 2005 in US Dollars

Outperformance	3.8	6.8
Benchmark*	16.4	3.9
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds	20.2	10.7
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)
	3 February 2004	31 December 2005
	Since Inception	1 year performance to

^{* 60%} of the FTSE World Index and 40% of the JP Morgan Government Bond Global Index.

Performance to 31 December 2005 in Rands

Outperformance	3.4	7.7
Benchmark*	5.1	17.1
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds	8.5	24.8
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)
	3 February 2004	31 December 2005
	Since Inception	1 year performance to

 $^{^{\}star}$ $\,\,$ 60% of the FTSE World Index and 40% of the JP Morgan Government Bond Global Index.

Comment

The Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds changed from an equity-only fund to an asset allocation fund on 3 February 2004. Historical performance commentary is restricted to this date. Performance relative to the benchmark since this change has been good, with the fund attaining 2nd place out of 10 funds in its category. Last year it was positioned 1st out of 15 funds.

7. Allan Gray Bond Fund

Fund characteristics

This Fund was launched on 1 October 2004 to enhance the Allan Gray product offering for savers seeking longerterm security of income and capital.

Long-term Investment Objectives

The objective of the Fund is to provide investors with a return superior to the All Bond Index, at no greater risk, over an interest rate cycle. The Fund seeks to preserve at

least the nominal value of investor's capital.

Performance to 31 December 2005

Outperformance	-0.6	-0.1		
Benchmark*	19.4	10.8		
Allan Gray Bond Fund	18.8	10.7		
	Unannualised (%)	Annualised (%)		
	1 October 2004	31 December 2005		
	Since Inception	1 year performance to		

^{*} All Bond Index

Comment

In this category, the performance difference between funds tends to be limited. Since inception the Fund has underperformed its benchmark by 0.6% and is ranked 11th out of 18 funds, whereas in 2005 it underperformed by 0.1% and notwithstanding this minor disappointment was ranked 6th out of 18 funds.

8. Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund

Fund characteristics

The Fund was launched on 1 April 2005 and invests directly into the Orbis Global Equity Fund. It caters for Rand investors wishing to invest in an Orbis selection of international shares. The Fund provides access to investments that might not be available locally. Returns are likely to be volatile, both up and down. Due to foreign exchange control regulations, the Fund was closed intermittently through the year.

Long-term Investment Objectives

The objective of the Fund is to outperform the FTSE World Index at no greater than average risk of loss in its sector.

Performance to 31 December 2005 in US Dollars

	Since Inception
	1 April 2005
	Unannualised (%)
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund	21.8
Benchmark*	12.3
Outperformance	9.5

^{*} FTSE World Index

Chairman's Report - Overview of Funds

Performance to 31 December 2005 in Rands

	Since Inception
	1 April 2005
	Unannualised (%)
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund	24.2
Benchmark*	14.6
Outperformance	9.6

^{*} FTSE World Index

Comment

In the short time since inception on 1 April 2005, the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund has outperformed the benchmark and was positioned 2nd out of 21 funds in its category.

Jack Mitchell

W J C MITCHELL

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Corporate Governance Report

The directors endorse the Code of Corporate Practices and Conduct as set out in the King II Report issued in March 2003. By supporting the Code, the directors recognise the need to conduct the affairs of the Company with openness, integrity and accountability.

Where appropriate, the principles advocated by the Code are dealt with at Group level by the Company's holding company, Allan Gray Limited ('Allan Gray'). As a subsidiary of Allan Gray, the Company is subject to their corporate governance measures.

Board of Directors

The board of directors' role is to direct, control and monitor the business affairs of the Company while at the same time protecting the interests of all investors. The Board is responsible for risk management.

In fulfilling this responsibility, the board, amongst other functions:

- provides strategic direction and in so doing reviews, evaluates and gives guidance on strategies, policies and business plans;
- reviews management reports and monitors ongoing performance against strategic plans, budgets and targets;
- monitors development of the process to identify key risk areas and key performance indicators;
- monitors compliance with sound codes of business practice and its management of those non-financial aspects which are relevant to its business; and
- ensures that there is open and timeous communication with the shareholders.

The board of directors consists of five executive directors and two non-executive directors. The roles of chairman and chief operating officer of the holding company are separate.

All directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

Executive and Audit Committees

The board of directors meet at least twice a year and is assisted by an executive committee as well as

Allan Gray's audit committee. The executive committee meets bi-monthly and continually reviews the effectiveness of the Company's systems of internal control. The audit committee, chaired by a non-executive Allan Gray director, meets four times per annum.

These board committees are responsible for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations as well as the Code

Staff Training and Employment Equity

The Company is dedicated to providing exceptionally good training and development for all employees. The Company will continue to contribute to the broader Southern African community in a meaningful way. In particular, the Company recognises that positive action is needed by the business community to address the skills shortage in Southern Africa.

The Company promotes equal opportunity in the workplace and is committed to eliminate unfair discrimination in any employment policy or practice.

The Company recognises that additional corrective steps need to be taken in order that those who have been historically disadvantaged by unfair discrimination are able to derive full benefit from an equitable employment environment.

Code of Ethics

Allan Gray subscribes to certain main themes of the CFA Institutes' Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct. The themes have been incorporated into existing policies. Adherence to these policies by all Allan Gray employees is monitored by the compliance department.

Directors and associates are required to maintain the highest ethical standards.

Trustees' Report on the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme

As trustees to the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme ("the Scheme"), we are required in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No. 45 of 2002) ("the Act") to report to unitholders on the administration of the Scheme during each annual accounting period.

We therefore confirm that for the period 1 January 2005 to 31 December 2005 the Scheme has been administered:

- (i) in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the manager by the Act; and
- (ii) in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the relevant deeds

There were no material instances of compliance contraventions and no losses incurred by any fund as a result thereof, during the year.

NELIA DE BEER

Trustee Manager: Unit Trusts

FNB Custody Services

First National Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited

Johannesburg 3 March 2006

Approval of the Annual Financial Statements

The directors of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report.

The annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 set out on pages 12 to 34 have been approved by the board of directors of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited and are signed on its behalf by:

W J C MITCHELL

Jack Mital M

Chairman

Cape Town 30 March 2006 G W FURY

Director

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Unitholders of:

Allan Gray Equity Fund
Allan Gray Balanced Fund
Allan Gray Stable Fund
Allan Gray Money Market Fund
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds
Allan Gray Optimal Fund
Allan Gray Bond Fund
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund
(the "Allan Gray Unit Trust funds")

We have audited the annual financial statements of the Allan Gray Unit Trust Funds set out on pages 12 to 34 for the year ended 31 December 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the directors of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Allan Gray Unit Trust Funds at 31 December 2005 and the results of their operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and in the manner required by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002 as amended, in South Africa.

ERNST & YOUNG

Registered Accountants and Auditors Chartered Accountants (SA)

Ernst + Young

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Income Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

Notes	Equity	Fund	Balance	d Fund	Stable	Fund
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	R	R	R	R	R	R
1.1	271 716 584	178 738 521	375 124 664	275 236 053	263 601 686	167 528 671
	267 677 570	174 808 076	185 639 242	119 950 094	49 463 695	31 250 010
	5 575 680	5 430 218	175 229 299	140 320 017	201 862 164	126 120 806
	-	-	244 893	-	177 990	-
	(1 536 666)	(1 499 773)	14 011 229	14 965 942	12 097 837	10 157 855
		, , ,				
	293 782 197	190 201 183	154 604 394	95 847 406	85 787 633	42 137 901
	54 783	48 634	60 416	53 360	54 784	48 403
	7 099	7 964	18 496	23 434	11 094	5 944
	-	-		10 677		-
	571 907	806 315	759 539	651 775	529 474	255 440
	1 042 917	660 758	1 091 121	638 004	583 220	291 241
	292 105 491	188 677 512	152 674 822	94 470 156	84 609 061	41 536 873
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(22 065 613)	(11 462 662)	220 520 270	179 388 647	177 814 053	125 390 770
2	22.005.612	22 (52 072				
5	22 005 015	33 003 072		-	•	-
1.2	1 128 697 227	453 015 762	780 981 581	171 426 324	112 510 999	28 693 113
1.7			(20.005.542)			
1.2	-	-	(38 805 542)	-	-	-
1.5			(424 342)	(15 172 086)	(651 003)	(17 413 182)
1.5		-	(424 342)	(13 172 000)	(031 033)	(1/413 102)
	1 128 697 227	475 206 972	962 271 967	335 642 885	289 673 959	136 670 701
	1 120 037 227	4/3 200 3/2	302 271 307	JJJ 042 005	203 073 333	130 070 761
		(22 191 210)	(220 520 269)	/170 388 647)	(177 814 053)	(125 390 770)
		(22 131 210)	(220 320 203)	(175 300 0 17,	(177 014 033)	(123 330 770)
	1 128 697 227	453 015 762	741 751 698	156 254 238	111 859 906	11 279 931
	1.1	2005 R 1.1 271 716 584 267 677 570 5 575 680 (1 536 666) 293 782 197 54 783 7 099 - 571 907 1 042 917 292 105 491 - (22 065 613) 3 22 065 613 1.2 1 128 697 227 1.5 - 1 128 697 227 -	2005 R R 1.1 271 716 584 178 738 521 267 677 570 174 808 076 5 575 680 5 430 218 - (1 536 666) (1 499 773) 293 782 197 190 201 183 54 783 48 634 7 099 7 964 - 571 907 806 315 1 042 917 660 758 292 105 491 188 677 512 - (22 065 613) (11 462 662) 3 22 065 613 3 33 653 872 1.2 1 128 697 227 453 015 762 1.5 - 1 128 697 227 475 206 972 - (22 191 210)	2005 R R R 1.1 271 716 584 178 738 521 375 124 664 267 677 570 174 808 076 185 639 242 5 575 680 5 430 218 175 229 299 244 893 (1 536 666) (1 499 773) 14 011 229 293 782 197 190 201 183 154 604 394 54 783 48 634 60 416 7 099 7 964 18 496 571 907 806 315 759 539 1 042 917 660 758 1 091 121 292 105 491 188 677 512 152 674 822 (22 065 613) (11 462 662) 220 520 270 3 22 065 613 33 653 872 - 1.2 1 128 697 227 453 015 762 780 981 581 1.2 - (424 342) 1 128 697 227 475 206 972 962 271 967 - (22 191 210) (220 520 269)	2005 R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	2005 R R R R R R R R R

^{*} These items were previously included in equity but have been reclassified and recorded in the Income Statement on adoption of IFRS as disclosed in note 7. The change in unrealised

Money Market Fund Global Fund of Funds	Optin	nal Fund	Bond	LEund		
		Optimal Fund		runu	Global Equity	Feeder Fund
				3 Months Ended	9 Months Ended	
2005 2004 2005 2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
R R R	R	R	R	R	R	R
52 335 709 31 186 847 1 528 673	- 39 080 463	57 634 525	1 430 726	267 286	365 857	-
	- 33 747 898	41 017 619	-	-	-	-
52 335 709 31 186 847 975 882	- 8 812 986	17 224 478	1 308 853	250 289	200 348	-
53 770	-		-	-	17 251	-
- 499 021	- (3 480 421)	(607 572)	121 873	16 997	148 258	_
433 021	(5 100 121)	(007 372)	.21 0/3	10 331	. 10 230	
2 375 213 1 770 164 161 214 1 958	18 997 571	21 826 305	123 532	38 386	63 237	-
48 000 37 551 20 736 16	52 096	46 020	37 700	25 000	14 250	-
3 108 4 821 34 494 21)88 3 428	4 459	706	212	25 235	-
	-		-	-		-
109 734 42 657 2 173 1	947 86 212	256 579	2 718	359	496	-
125 465 79 027 103 811 26	213 300	225 788	22 754	4 537	23 256	-
2 088 906 1 603 097 - 1 893	154 18 642 53 5	21 293 459	59 654	8 278	-	-
- 3 011 -	-		-	-	-	-
20.445.502	0.4)	25.000.000	4 202 404	222 222		
49 960 496 29 416 683 1 367 459 (1 958	04) 20 082 892	2 35 808 220	1 307 194	228 900	302 620	-
1 958	504		-	-	-	-
- (4 335 136)	- 349 564 587	289 122 292	137 345	11 903	_	-
(1333.30)				505		
	- (305 710 544)	(214 902 756)	-	-	-	-
(368 301) (1 074	01)					
(368 301) (1 074	01)	-	•	-		-
49 960 496 29 416 683 (3 335 978) (1 074	01) 63 936 93 5	110 027 756	1 444 539	240 803	302 620	-
(1.07.1	,			2.1.303		
(49 960 496) (29 416 683) (1 367 458)	- (20 082 892)	(35 808 220)	(1 307 194)	(228 900)	(302 620)	-
- (4 703 436) (1 074	01) 43 854 04 3	74 219 536	137 345	11 903	-	-

gains on available for sale investments has been utilised to increase the net assets attributable to unitholders.

Balance Sheets

as at 31 December 2005

•	Notes	Equity	Fund	Balance	d Fund	Stable	Fund
		2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
		R	R	R	R	R	R
ASSETS							
Investments	1.2	11 584 525 892	6 725 510 253	12 031 842 690	6 900 390 280	6 882 296 192	3 246 249 490
Available for sale investments		11 489 525 892	6 706 510 253	9 946 675 344	6 644 890 280	3 501 386 536	1 685 863 596
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and Receivables		-	-	1 758 226 883	-	3 049 909 656	1 409 385 894
Cash and cash equivalents held for investment purposes		95 000 000	19 000 000	326 940 463	255 500 000	331 000 000	151 000 000
Accounts receivable		50 732 083	6 189 279	53 065 100	39 369 838	6 440 884	6 965 918
Cash and cash equivalents		97 297 193	30 610 781	18 392 889	26 552 775	14 530 300	27 517 898
TOTAL ASSETS		11 732 555 168	6 762 310 313	12 103 300 679	6 966 312 893	6 903 267 376	3 280 733 306
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		169 755 262	19 483 392	16 767 645	10 883 352	10 468 261	4 783 734
Distribution payable to investors		_	-	121 260 559	74 333 916	53 249 964	37 417 975
, ,							
TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE							
TO UNITHOLDERS		169 755 262	19 483 392	138 028 204	85 217 268	63 718 225	42 201 709
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS*	1.9	11 562 799 906	6 742 826 921	11 965 272 475	6 881 095 625	6 839 549 151	3 238 531 597

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders was previously disclosed as capital value of the fund (equity) but has been reclassified as a financial liability with effect from 1 January 2004,

Money Ma	rket Fund	Global Fund	l of Funds	Optimal Fund		Bond F	Bond Fund		Feeder Fund
2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
822 100 498	564 028 996	1 473 297 089	472 505 619	961 198 683	1 469 371 459	22 827 520	13 219 174	293 382 258	-
	-	1 473 297 089	472 505 619	882 887 482	1 347 797 342	22 827 520	13 219 174	293 382 258	-
-	-	-	-	-	1 214 400	-	-	-	-
822 100 498	564 028 996		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	78 311 201	120 359 687	-	-	-	-
									-
10 136	164 136	237 977	44 488	19 568 560	20 364 200	516 140	327 911	58 540	
926 732	3 418 037	76 877 794	15 470 571	10 831 802	23 476 997	964 326	54 184	26 139 819	-
823 037 366	567 611 169	1 550 412 860	488 020 678	991 599 045	1 513 212 656	24 307 986	13 601 269	319 580 617	-
263 514	186 332	12 566	16 300	1 109 395	1 639 808	34 522	28 393	9 399	_
5 072 296	3 340 739	1 367 458	10 300	7 685 021	14 963 099	431 304	228 900	302 620	-
	2 2 12 7 9 9								
5 335 810	3 527 071	1 380 024	16 300	8 794 416	16 602 907	465 826	257 293	312 019	-
817 701 556	564 084 098	1 549 032 836	488 004 378	982 804 629	1 496 609 749	23 842 160	13 343 976	319 268 598	-

on adoption of IFRS as dislosed in note 7.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

for the year ended 31 December 2005

Notes	Equity	/ Fund	Balance	d Fund	Stable	Fund
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	R	R	R	R	R	R
Opening balance*	6 742 826 921	4 697 464 240	6 881 095 625	3 875 985 318	3 238 531 597	1 394 853 212
Shortfalls of income funded by net assets attributable to unitholders 3	(22 065 613)	(33 653 872)	-	-	-	-
Undistributed profit/(loss) for the year	1 128 697 227	453 015 762	741 751 698	156 254 238	111 859 906	11 279 931
Change in unrealised gains/(losses) on available for sale investments	2 540 319 439	904 327 950	1 947 792 662	904 815 179	555 559 690	230 106 820
Value of creations during the year	1 980 681 235	2 177 644 850	2 729 588 561	3 078 046 868	3 076 592 393	2 414 243 058
Value of cancellations during the year	(807 659 303)	(1 455 972 009)	(334 956 071)	(1 134 005 978)	(142 994 435)	(811 951 424)
Closing balance	11 562 799 906	6 742 826 921	11 965 272 475	6 881 095 625	6 839 549 151	3 238 531 597

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders was previously disclosed as capital value of the fund (equity) but has been reclassified as a financial liability with effect from 1 January 2004,

Money M	arket Fund	Global Fun	d of Funds	Optima	l Fund Bond Fund		Fund	ınd Global Equity	
2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
564 084 098	285 818 179	488 004 378	25 833 297 (1 958 504)	1 496 609 749	1 317 255 360	13 343 976	-	-	-
-	-	(4 703 436)	(1 074 201)	43 854 043	74 219 536	137 345	11 903	-	-
	-	180 343 692	(27 904 087)	41 552 994	(43 452 667)	426 562	679 797	14 668 986	-
990 556 583	670 300 112	913 738 198	517 725 654	62 698 003	1 002 893 089	16 252 888	14 956 434	307 862 915	-
(736 939 125)	(392 034 193)	(28 349 996)	(24 617 781)	(661 910 160)	(854 305 569)	(6 318 611)	(2 304 158)	(3 263 303)	-
817 701 556	564 084 098	1 549 032 836	488 004 378	982 804 629	1 496 609 749	23 842 160	13 343 976	319 268 598	-

on adoption of IFRS as dislosed in note 7.

Cash Flow Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

Note	20	Equity	Fund	Balance	1 Fund	Stable Fu	ınd
Hote		Equity	Tunu	Dalance	a i unu	Stable 11	and
		2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
		2003 R	R	R	R	R	R
				.,	.,		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Interest received		5 575 680	5 430 218	175 474 192	140 320 017	202 040 154	126 120 806
Dividends received		267 677 570	174 808 076	185 639 242	119 950 094	49 463 695	31 250 010
Distributions paid		-	(22 191 210)	(173 593 626)	(167 578 665)	(161 982 064)	(111 319 707)
Cash (used)/generated by operations before working capital changes	4	(295 318 863)	(191 700 956)	(140 593 165)	(80 881 464)	(73 689 796)	(31 980 046)
Working capital changes	4	105 729 066	(100 036 396)	(7 810 969)	(31 917 056)	6 209 561	32 512 523
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) from operating activities		83 663 453	(133 690 268)	39 115 674	(20 107 074)	22 041 550	46 583 586
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of investments	(5	5 347 195 958)	(3 025 186 072)	(8 296 929 316)	(5 687 338 364)	(19 863 020 287)	(7 434 993 088)
Proceeds on disposal of investments		4 157 196 985	2 454 538 549	5 855 021 266	3 774 298 336	16 894 393 181	5 809 202 893
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW from investing activities	(1	1 189 998 973)	(570 647 523)	(2 441 908 050)	(1 913 040 028)	(2 968 627 106)	(1 625 790 195)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from creation of units		1 980 681 235	2 177 644 850		3 078 046 868	3 076 592 393	2 414 243 058
Payments on cancellation of units		(807 659 303)			(1 134 005 978)	(142 994 435)	(811 951 424)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) from financing activities		1 173 021 932	721 672 841	2 394 632 490	1 944 040 890	2 933 597 958	1 602 291 634
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) in cash and cash equivalents		66 686 412	17 335 050	(8 159 886)		(12 987 598)	23 085 025
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS at the beginning of the year		30 610 781	13 275 731	26 552 775	15 658 987	27 517 898	4 432 873
CASSIANS CASH FORMALISMES AND A LOCAL		07.207.402	20.640.704	40 202 000	26 552 775	44 530 300	27.547.000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS at the end of the year		97 297 193	30 610 781	18 392 889	26 552 775	14 530 300	27 517 898

Money Ma	irkat Fund	Global Fund	of Funds	Optimal	Fund	Bond	Fund	Global Equity	Fooder Fund
money ma	irket runu	Global I alla	or runus	Орини	Tunu	Dona	runu	Global Equity	recuei runu
2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
52 335 709	31 186 847	1 029 652	-	8 812 986	17 224 478	1 308 853	250 289	217 599	-
-	-	-	-	33 747 898	41 017 619	-	-	-	-
(48 228 939)	(27 967 203)	-	-	(27 360 970)	(42 042 087)	(1 104 790)	-	-	-
(2 375 213)	(1 770 164)	337 806	(1 958 504)	(22 477 992)	(22 433 877)	(1 659)	(21 389)	85 021	-
231 182	6 507 432	(197 223)	(55 964)	265 227	(35 215 587)	(182 100)	(299 518)	(49 141)	-
1 962 739	7 956 912	1 170 235	(2 014 468)	(7 012 851)	(41 449 454)	20 304	(70 618)	253 479	-
(6 287 487 043)	(2 084 400 418)	(2 049 945 799)	(921 190 971)	(2 057 759 700)	(2 959 362 240)	(18 677 327)	(13 726 941)	(278 728 723)	-
6 029 415 541	1 794 269 227	1 224 794 585	445 545 878	2 651 339 513	2 866 021 002	9 632 888	1 199 467	15 451	-
(258 071 502)	(290 131 191)	(825 151 214)	(475 645 093)	593 579 813	(93 341 238)	(9 044 439)	(12 527 474)	(278 713 272)	-
990 556 583	670 300 112	913 738 198	517 725 654	62 698 003	1 002 893 089	16 252 888	14 956 434	307 862 915	-
(736 939 125)	(392 034 193)	(28 349 996)	(24 617 781)	(661 910 160)	(854 305 569)	(6 318 611)	(2 304 158)	(3 263 303)	-
253 617 458	278 265 919	885 388 202	493 107 873	(599 212 157)	148 587 520	9 934 277	12 652 276	304 599 612	-
(2 491 305)	(3 908 360)	61 407 223	15 448 312	(12 645 195)	13 796 828	910 142	54 184	26 139 819	-
3 418 037	7 326 397	15 470 571	22 259	23 476 997	9 680 169	54 184	-	-	-
926 732	3 418 037	76 877 794	15 470 571	10 831 802	23 476 997	964 326	54 184	26 139 819	-

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at either fair value or amortised cost.

Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) during the year

The Allan Gray Group of companies have adopted all new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods ended 31 December 2005

The unit trust funds will apply *IFRS7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, when it becomes effective. The statement is required to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007. The impact of adopting IFRS7 is expected to be limited to the financial risk disclosures included in note 9.1. The following new or revised IFRS have been issued with effective dates applicable to future annual financial statements of the unit trust funds:

Statement		Effective Date: years beginning on/after
IAS 1	Capital Disclosures	1 January 2007
IAS 19	Employee benefits – Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group plans and disclosure	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of intragroup transactions	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Fair Value Option	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Financial Guarantee Contracts	1 January 2006
IFRIC 8	Scope of IFRS2	1 May 2006
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded derivatives	1 June 2006

These statements are not expected to impact the unit trust funds' financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the prior year, except for

the adoption of IFRS, the principal effect of which is disclosed in note 7. The unit trust funds did not elect to apply any of the exemptions allowed in terms of IFRS1 – First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards. All accounting policies also comply with the trust deeds (where applicable). The principal accounting policies are set out below.

1.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the unit trust funds and revenue can be reliably measured:

Dividends

Dividend income comprises dividends received from and accrued on investments for which the last date to register falls within the accounting period.

Interest

Interest income is accrued for on a daily basis using the effective interest rate method. This is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to its carrying value. Distributions from property trusts are recognised as interest revenue and are accrued on the last date to register.

Income adjustment on creation/cancellation of units

This is the income portion of the price received or paid when units are created or cancelled. The income portion of the price received by the fund on creation of units is, in effect, a payment by unitholders for entitlement to a distribution of income that was earned by the fund before they joined. The income portion of the price paid to unitholders when units are cancelled is in effect compensation for the income distribution they will forfeit when exiting the fund before the distribution date.

The income adjustment on creation or cancellation of units is recognised when units on which it arises are either purchased or sold.

1.2 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents,

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

accounts receivable, accounts payable, distribution payable to unitholders, available for sale investments, loans and receivables and financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss.

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date. The trade date is the date that an entity commits itself to purchase or sell an asset.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value, being the consideration given or received on acquisition, plus, in the case of *investments not at fair value through profit or loss*, directly attributable transaction costs. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. The company determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Balances held for the purposes of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes are current assets and are disclosed separately on the face of the balance sheet. Margin deposits are not readily available for use by the funds as they are held as collateral to cover losses that funds may incur from their derivative trades.

Subsequent to initial recognition, accounts receivable, accounts payable and distribution payable to unitholders are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Investments in shares, unit trusts and bonds are classified as *available for sale investments* and are subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value of *available for sale investments* is determined as the quoted price at the

balance sheet date. Any gains or losses arising on subsequent measurement of available for sale investments are recognised directly in net assets attributable to unitholders and presented in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders. Unrealised gains and losses previously charged to net assets attributable to unitholders are released to operating income on derecognition of these instruments or when investments are determined to be impaired.

Money market instruments are classified as *loans* and *receivables* and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in income when *loans* and *receivables* are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Derivatives are used for hedging purposes in accordance with the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002. Derivatives are not designated as effective hedging instruments in terms of IAS39 and are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. After initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are marked to market on a daily basis with changes in fair value taken through the income statement as realised gains and losses.

The funds assess at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Where there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred and can be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is recognised through profit and loss.

A financial asset is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

1.3 Realised gains and losses on investments

Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between net sales proceeds and original purchase price on a weighted average basis.

1.4 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the fund operates (functional currency). The funds' functional and presentation currency is rands and all amounts are stated in rands.

1.5 Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency income is recorded at the exchange rate ruling on the transaction date.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses arising from the translation of these monetary assets and liabilities are credited and debited respectively to the income statement.

Non-monetary assets (classified as available for sale investments above) are also translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Unrealised gains and losses arising from the translation of these assets are, however, credited and debited respectively to a revaluation reserve and presented in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders as part of unrealised gains on available for sale investments.

1.6 Service Charge

The service charge is the fee paid by each fund to Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited (the "Manager") for the management of the portfolios and the administration of unitholder transactions. Service charges are either performance-based or fixed and are calculated and accrued based on the daily market value of the portfolios.

1.7 Expenses

All other expenses are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis.

1.8 Distributions paid

Distributions paid represent profits paid to unitholders at each distribution date. Distributable profits are determined by deducting operating expenses incurred from the revenue earned by the fund since the last distribution.

Where operating expenses exceed revenue earned during the distribution period, the shortfall is funded by reducing the undistributable portion of the funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

1.9 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Net assets attributable to unitholders are what is commonly known as the capital value of the fund. This change in terminology used in the financial statements was necessitated by the adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards in the current year resulting in it being classified as a *financial liability*.

This reclassification, however, has no impact on the value that the unitholder is entitled to on liquidation of his or her units. This *financial liability* (as defined by IAS32) is carried at fair value, being the redemption amount representing the unitholders' right to a residual interest in the funds' assets. See 1.2 for more on financial liabilities.

1.10 Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to take effect of changes in presentation necessitated by the adoption of IFRS's as detailed in note 7.

Also, to achieve better disclosure in the current year, income adjustments on creation and cancellation of units have been disclosed separately on the face of the income statement. These income adjustments were netted against interest income in the prior year financial statements.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

2. DISTRIBUTIONS PAID

	2005	2004
Allan Gray Equity Fund		
31 March		
Class A Cents per unit*	_	25.79
Total distribution paid*	_	22 191 210
Allan Gray Balanced Fund		
30 June		
Class A Cents per unit	35.52	48.33
Total distribution paid	95 789 039	99 622 459
Class B	40.00	24.04
Cents per unit Total distribution paid	18.06 3 470 672	34.01 5 432 272
lotal distribution paid	3 4/0 0/2	3 432 272
31 December		
Class A	37.95	29.77
Cents per unit Total distribution paid	117 046 548	71 867 886
	117 010 310	71 007 000
Class B		
Cents per unit Total distribution paid	17.12 4 214 010	14.32 2 466 030
iotal distribution paid	4 214 010	2 400 030
Allan Gray Stable Fund		
31 March		
Class A		
Cents per unit	14.51 33 357 393	20.92 29 032 071
Total distribution paid	33 337 393	23 032 07 1
Class B		
Cents per unit	9.83	19.08
Total distribution paid	1 021 728	260 935
30 June		
Class A		
Cents per unit	15.36 40 452 168	19.64 34 445 132
Total distribution paid	40 432 108	D4 44D 15Z
Class B		
Cents per unit	10.56	15.40
Total distribution paid	1 659 645	727 118

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

2. DISTRIBUTIONS PAID (Continued)

	2005	2004
30 September		
Class A		
Cents per unit	14.29	12.70
Total distribution paid	45 711 658	23 039 814
Class B		
Cents per unit	9.22	8.28
Total distribution paid	2 361 496	467 725
31 December		
Class A		
Cents per unit	13.85	17.41
Total distribution paid	49 701 242	36 473 718
Class B		
Cents per unit	8.60	12.77
Total distribution paid	3 548 723	944 257
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds		
31 December		
Class A		
Cents per unit*	0.81	-
Total distribution paid*	1 367 458	-
Allan Gray Optimal Fund		
30 June		
Class A		
Cents per unit	12.38	14.05
Total distribution paid	12 059 434	19 849 259
Class B		
Cents per unit	4.95	6.83
Total distribution paid	338 438	995 862
31 December		
Class A		
Cents per unit	10.44	12.34
Total distribution paid	7 537 429	14 507 798
Class B		
Cents per unit	2.63	4.94
Total distribution paid	147 591	455 301

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

2. DISTRIBUTIONS PAID (Continued)

	2005	2004
Allan Gray Bond Fund		
31 March		
Class A		
Cents per unit**	20.77	-
Total distribution paid**	260 799	-
30 June		
Class A		
Cents per unit**	20.77	-
Total distribution paid**	268 297	-
30 September		
Class A		
Cents per unit**	20.77	-
Total distribution paid**	346 794	-
31 December		
Class A		
Cents per unit	19.21	18.10
Total distribution paid	431 304	228 900
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund		
31 December		
Class A		
Cents per unit***	1.17	-
Total distribution paid***	302 620	-

Allan Gray Money Market Fund

The Allan Gray Money Market Fund distributes on a daily basis, with the distribution being paid over to unitholders on a monthly basis. These daily distribution details have not been disclosed on this note because of the frequency of the distributions.

^{*} To the extent that the service charges and other permissible deductions in any fund exceeded the income generated in any period, no income distribution is made.

^{**} No prior year distribution, as the Fund was only launched on 1 October 2004.

^{***} No prior year distribution, as the Fund was only launched on 1 April 2005.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

3. SHORTFALLS OF DISTRIBUTABLE PROFITS

The following amounts have been transferred from the net assets attributable to unitholders to fund shortfalls in distributable profits in terms of Section 51.2 of the trust deed.

	2005 Equity Fund R	2004 Equity Fund R	2005 Global Fund of Funds R	2004 Global Fund of Funds R
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds (December)	-	-	-	1 958 504
Allan Gray Equity Fund A & B Class (June)	8 715 632	-	-	-
Allan Gray Equity Fund B Class (June)	-	461 049	-	-
Allan Gray Equity Fund A & B Class (December)	13 349 981	33 192 823	-	-
TOTAL SHORTFALLS FOR THE YEAR	22 065 613	33 653 872	-	1 958 504

4. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

	Finite	. F d	Balance	dend	Cookin	ed
	Equity	/ Fund	Balance	a runa	Stable	runa
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	R	R	R	R	R	R
CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS						
Profit(loss) for the year	1 128 697 227	475 206 972	962 271 967	335 642 885	289 673 959	136 670 701
Adjusted for:						
Shortfalls of income funded by net assets attributable to unitholders	(22 065 613)	(33 653 872)	-	-	-	-
Interest income	(5 575 680)	(5 430 218)	(175 474 192)	(140 320 017)	(202 040 154)	(126 120 806)
Dividend income	(267 677 570)	(174 808 076)	(185 639 242)	(119 950 094)	(49 463 695)	(31 250 010)
Realised gains on disposal of available for sale investments	(1 128 697 227)	(453 015 762)	(780 981 582)	(171 426 324)	(112 510 999)	(28 693 113)
Foreign exchange losses on monetary assets	-	-	424 342	15 172 086	651 093	17 413 182
Realised losses on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	38 805 542	-	-	-
Cash (used)/generated by operations before working capital changes	(295 318 863)	(191 700 956)	(140 593 165)	(80 881 464)	(73 689 796)	(31 980 046)
cupital changes	(233 310 333)	(131 700 330)	(1.10.000.100)	(00 001 101)	(15 005 150)	(3.1.300.0.10)
WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES						
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable	(44 542 804)	(228 023)	(13 695 262)	13 053	525 034	29 752 227
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	150 271 870	(99 808 373)	5 884 293	(31 930 109)	5 684 527	2 760 296
Working capital changes	105 729 066	(100 036 396)	(7 810 969)	(31 917 056)	6 209 561	32 512 523

Money M	arket Fund	Global Fun	d of Funds	Optima	I Fund	Bond	Fund	Global Equity	Feeder Fun <u>d</u>
2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
49 960 496	29 416 683	(2.225.070)	(1.074.201)	63 936 935	110 027 756	1 444 539	240 803	302 620	
49 900 490	29 410 083	(3 335 978)	(1 074 201)	03 930 933	110 027 730	1 444 539	240 803	302 620	
	-		(1 958 504)		-		-		
(52 335 709)	(31 186 847)	(1 029 652)	-	(8 812 986)	(17 224 478)	(1 308 853)	(250 289)	(217 599)	
-	-	-	-	(33 747 898)	(41 017 619)	-	-	-	
-	-	4 335 135	-	(349 564 587)	(289 122 292)	(137 345)	(11 903)	-	
-	-	368 301	1 074 201	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-		-	305 710 544	214 902 756		-	-	-
(2 375 213)	(1 770 164)	337 806	(1 958 504)	(22 477 992)	(22 433 877)	(1 659)	(21 389)	85 021	
154 000	6 474 775	(193 489)	(37 258)	795 640	(18 315 833)	(188 229)	(327 911)	(58 540)	
77 182	32 657	(3 734)	(18 706)	(530 413)	(16 899 754)	6 129	28 393	9 399	
231 182	6 507 432	(197 223)	(55 964)	265 227	(35 215 587)	(182 100)	(299 518)	(49 141)	

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

5. RECONCILIATION OF UNITS

	2005	2004
	Units	Units
Allan Gray Equity Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	97 221 426	85 275 085
Add: Units created during the year	24 766 784	37 141 206
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(10 840 871)	(25 194 865)
Units at end of the year	111 147 339	97 221 426
Allan Gray Balanced Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	255 407 476	171 885 617
Add: Units created during the year	89 863 736	131 294 984
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(12 501 460)	(47 773 125)
Units at end of the year	332 769 752	255 407 476
Allen Cray Stable Fund		
Allan Gray Stable Fund Units at the beginning of the year	216 891 053	102 085 111
Add: Units created during the year	192 874 303	172 583 429
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(9 523 667)	(57 777 487)
Units at end of the year	400 241 689	216 891 053
offics at end of the year	400 241 689	210 091 033
Allan Gray Money Market Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	564 084 098	285 818 180
Add: Units created during the year	990 556 583	670 300 113
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(736 939 125)	(392 034 195)
Units at end of the year	817 701 556	564 084 098
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds		
Units at the beginning of the year	65 937 861	3 307 969
Add: Units created during the year	105 175 123	65 829 023
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(3 270 835)	(3 199 131)
Units at end of the year	167 842 149	65 937 861
onto at end of the year	107 042 143	0.557 001
Allan Gray Optimal Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	126 862 167	113 855 585
Add: Units created during the year	6 002 137	86 282 468
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(55 031 146)	(73 275 886)

77 833 158

126 862 167

Units at end of the year

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

5. RECONCILIATION OF UNITS (Continued)

	2003	2004
	Units	Units
Allan Gray Bond Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	1 265 020	-
Add: Units created during the year	1 539 890	1 489 959
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(600 313)	(224 939)
Units at end of year	2 204 597	1 265 020
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund		
Units at the beginning of the year	-	-
Add: Units created during the year	25 999 457	-
Less: Units cancelled during the year	(273 750)	-
Units at end of year	25 725 707	-

6. REVIEW OF FLUCTUATIONS OF UNIT PRICES FOR THE YEAR

	Price	(cents)
	Lowest	Highest
Allan Gray Equity Fund Class "A" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	6 768,32 5 247,77	10 488,67 6 944,95
Allan Gray Equity Fund Class "B" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	6 763,80 5 219,74	10 389,46 6 906,81
Allan Gray Balanced Fund Class "A" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	2 665,21 2 201,51	3 644,19 2 725,27
Allan Gray Balanced Fund Class "B" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	2 663,57 2 201,04	3 623,85 2 709,91
Allan Gray Stable Fund Class "A" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	1 495,56 1 360,22	1 723,29 1 510,57
Allan Gray Stable Fund Class "B" 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	1 494,58 1 359,33	1 718,28 1 505,93
Allan Gray Money Market Fund 31 December 2005 31 December 2004	100,00 100,00	100,00 100,00

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

6. REVIEW OF FLUCTUATIONS OF UNIT PRICES FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

	Price	(cents)
	Lowest	Highest
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds		
31 December 2005	737,77	944,38
31 December 2004	716,94	875,26
Allan Gray Optimal Fund Class "A"		
31 December 2005	1 179,40	1 273,15
31 December 2004	1 154,91	1 193,48
Allan Gray Optimal Fund Class "B"		
31 December 2005	1 179,19	1 265,34
31 December 2004	1 152,77	1 186,13
Allan Gray Bond Fund		
31 December 2005	1 009,83	1 101,37
31 December 2004	998,22	1 074,30
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund		
31 December 2005	964,05	1 257,77

The prices of units fluctuate in accordance with the changes in the market values of the investments included in the portfolio.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

7. IMPACT OF IFRS ON CURRENT AND PRIOR YEAR NUMBERS

The adoption of the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards has materially affected the way in which certain balances are disclosed for the current or prior years. The actual measurement of the affected balances has not changed though.

The main reclassification changes compared to the prior year are as follows:

Impact on profit for the year ended 31 December 2004

- Realised gains on disposal of available for sale investments, previously recorded in equity under South African general accepted accounting principles ("gaap"), are reflected on the face of the Income Statement for both the current and prior years.
- Realised losses on financial assets at fair value through profit
 or loss, previously recorded in equity under gaap, are
 reflected on the face of the Income Statement for both the
 current and prior years.
- Foreign exchange losses on monetary assets, previously recorded in equity under gaap, are also reflected on the face of the Income Statement.

Impact on equity as at 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004

 The capital value of the funds (equity under gaap) has been reclassified as net assets attributable to unitholders (liability) to comply with IAS 32: Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation (see note 1.9 for more on this reclassification)

Other

- Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders, not previously presented under gaap, are presented for all the funds.
- Cash Flow Statements, not previously presented under gaap, are presented for all the funds.
- Investments are classified in accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement on the face of the Balance Sheet

8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions with related parties are conducted at arms length. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are settled within 14 days of the invoice date.

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited earns a service charge for managing and administering the unit trust funds. Service charges per fund are either performance-based or fixed. As a consequence of the performance fee orientation, service charges will typically be higher following periods where the Funds' total investment performance (income plus capital appreciation) have outperformed their respective benchmarks and lower in the case of underperformance. This ensures that the Manager's interests are aligned with those of our investors.

During the year, the unit trust funds collectively paid service charges of R550.6m to Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited (2004: R349.5m). At 31 December 2005, the balance due to Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited is detailed as follows:

	VAT inclusive	VAT inclusive
	2005	2004
	R	R
Allan Gray Equity Fund	30 955 162	19 420 322
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	15 690 420	9 330 184
Allan Gray Stable Fund	10 378 005	4 717 856
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	1 075 012	1 595 976
Allan Gray Bond Fund	11 846	3 256
Allan Gray Money Market Fund	213 247	134 750
_	58 323 692	35 202 344

The Directors of the Manager hold units in the Allan Gray suite of unit trusts. These units were valued at R23 021 943 at 31 December 2005 (2004: R22 935 307).

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

9.1. Financial risk management

The funds maintain positions in a variety of derivative and nonderivative financial instruments as dictated by each fund's specific investment management strategy. The funds' investment portfolios comprise listed equity and debt investments, investments in other funds, unlisted money market instruments and short-term cash deposits. Asset allocation is determined by the funds' Manager who manages the distribution of the assets to achieve the funds' investment objectives. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored daily by the Manager's compliance department.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

The funds' investing activities expose them to various types of risk that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which they invest. The most important types of financial risk to which funds are exposed to are market risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk.

Market Risk

The unit trust funds are exposed to changes in the market values of the individual investments underlying each Portfolio. The security selection and asset allocation within each of the unit trust funds is monitored daily by the portfolio managers in terms of each individual unit trust fund's stated investment objectives. The compliance department monitors compliance with applicable regulations (for example Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act, 24 of 1956 where applicable and the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 45 of 2002, as amended from time to time) and the investment mandate on a daily basis.

Interest Rate Risk

The value of the unit trust funds' portfolios with listed interest bearing instruments varies in accordance with changes in market interest rates. The risk of loss due to adverse interest rate movements is monitored daily by the portfolio managers. The unit trust funds exposed to interest rate risk are those that invest in bonds (the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, the Allan Gray Bond Fund and the Allan Gray Stable Fund) and money market instruments (the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, the Allan Gray Money Market Fund and the Allan Gray Stable Fund). See note 9.4 for maturity profiles of interest bearing instruments.

The compliance department monitors compliance with applicable regulations (for example Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act, 24 of 1956 where applicable and the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 45 of 2002, as amended from time to time) and the investment mandate on a daily basis.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Allan Gray Balanced Fund, the Allan Gray Stable Fund, the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds and the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund invest in foreign mutual funds and are therefore exposed to risk in respect of changes in foreign

exchange rates. The risk of loss due to adverse foreign exchange rate movements is monitored daily by the portfolio managers. The compliance department monitors compliance with applicable regulations (for example Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act, 24 of 1956 where applicable and the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 45 of 2002, as amended from time to time) and the investment mandate on a daily basis.

Credit Risk

The unit trust funds are exposed to credit risk as a result of transacting with various institutions. Risk is mitigated by transacting on recognised exchanges where it is possible and practical. The interest rate policy group manages credit risk by setting exposure limits for counterparties, issuers and financial instruments. The compliance department monitors compliance with applicable regulations (for example Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act, 24 of 1956 where applicable and the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 45 of 2002, as amended from time to time) and the investment mandate on a daily basis. Maximum exposures to individual instruments do not exceed those set out by the regulations mentioned above.

9.2. Fair Value

Available for sale investments and derivative instruments have been stated at fair value. Loans and receivables are held for periods not exceeding a year and these are usually held for the instruments' entire life, meaning that the fair value of these instruments closely approximates the carrying amount. The directors are of the opinion that the fair value of all remaining financial instruments approximates the carrying amount in the balance sheet as these balances are due within 30 days.

9.3. Derivative instruments

Investments in derivatives are regulated by the Financial Services Board. They are used as hedging instruments for efficient portfolio management. Financial futures were traded during the period under review. Submissions were made to the Financial Services Board at the end of each quarter during the period under review in terms of chapter 2 of Notice 2071 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002. The following funds held derivatives at the end of the year:

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	2	2005 R)4
	Fair Value	Short Exposure	Fair Value	Short Exposure
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	-	273 191 310	-	-
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	-	849 818 340	1 214 400	1 260 528 750

9.4. Interest bearing instruments at 31 December 2005

Allan Gray Balanced Fund

Maturities	Bonds	Money Market Instruments	Money at call	Total
Less than 1 year	166 756 500	1 758 236 883	326 930 463	2 251 923 846
1 to 3 years	513 312 684	-	-	513 312 684
3 to 7 years	284 571 588	-	-	284 571 588
More than 7 years	46 653 000	-	-	46 653 000
	1 011 293 772	1 758 236 883	326 930 463	3 096 461 118
Unclassified equity investments				8 935 381 572
Total investments per the balar	ce sheet			12 031 842 690

Coupon rates for the bond portfolio range between 7.50% and 16.00%. Yields on the money market instruments range between 6.80% and 7.20% and money at call attracts interest at rates ranging between 6.45% and 6.85%.

Allan Gray Bond Fund

Maturities	Bonds	Money Market Instruments	Money at call	Total
Less than 1 year	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	1 183 900	-	-	1 183 900
3 to 7 years	7 179 170	-	-	7 179 170
More than 7 years	14 464 450	-	-	14 464 450
	22 827 520	-	-	22 827 520
Unclassified equity investme	ents			
Total investments per the ba	alance sheet			22 827 520

Coupon rates for the bond portfolio range between 8.75% and 16.50%.

Allan Gray Money Market Fund

Maturities	Bonds	Money Market Instruments	Money at call	Total
Less than 1 year	-	822 100 498	-	822 100 498
1 to 3 years	-	-	-	-
3 to 7 years	-	-	-	-
More than 7 years	-	-	-	-
	-	822 100 498	-	822 100 498
Unclassified equity investments				-
Total investments per the balance she	et			822 100 498

Yields on the money market instruments range between 6.80% and 7.20%.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

9.4. Interest bearing instruments at 31 December 2005 (Continued)

Allan Gray Stable Fund

Bonds	Money Market Instruments	Money at call	Total
-	3 049 909 656	331 000 000	3 380 909 656
66 586 200	-	-	66 586 200
53 830 000	-	-	53 830 000
-	-	-	-
120 416 200	3 049 909 656	331 000 000	3 501 325 856
			3 380 970 336
e sheet			6 882 296 192
	66 586 200 53 830 000 - 120 416 200	- 3 049 909 656 66 586 200 - 53 830 000	- 3 049 909 656 331 000 000 66 586 200 53 830 000 120 416 200 3 049 909 656 331 000 000

Coupon rates for the bond portfolio range between 10.00% and 12.00%. Yields on the money market instruments range between 6.75% and 7.20% and money at call attracts interest at rates ranging between 6.80% and 6.85%.

Other Funds

The Allan Gray Equity Fund had money on call amounting to R95 000 000 at 31 December 2005, attracting interest at 6.80%

The Allan Gray Optimal Fund had R78 311 201 on call at 31 December 2005, attracting interest at rates ranging between 6.45% and 6.85%.

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited - the 'Manager'

Approval of the Annual Financial Statements

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report.

The annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 set out on pages 37 to 50 as well as 54 have been approved by the board of directors and are signed on its behalf by:

W J C MITCHELL

Jack Mital

Chairman

Cape Town 30 March 2006

G W FURY

Director and Public Officer

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Certification by the Company Secretary

I hereby confirm, in terms of the Companies Act, 1973, that for the year ended 31 December 2005 the company has lodged with the Registrar of Companies all such returns as are required of a public company in terms of this Act and that all such returns are true, correct and up to date.

C MASON

Company Secretary

y kisoco.

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited

We have audited the annual financial statements of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited set out on pages 37 to 50 as well as page 54 for the year ended 31 December 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's directors. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company at 31 December 2005 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and in the manner required by the Companies Act of South Africa.

ERNST & YOUNG

Registered Accountants and Auditors Chartered Accountants (SA)

Ernst + Young

Cape Town 30 March 2006

Report of the Directors

for the year ended 31 December 2005

The directors of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited (the "Manager") have pleasure in presenting their report for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Nature of the Company's Business

The principal business of the company is to manage funds registered under this scheme in accordance with the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002.

Name of Fund	Fund Launch Date
Allan Gray Equity Fund	1 October 1998
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	1 October 1999
Allan Gray Stable Fund	1 July 2000
Allan Gray Money Market Fund	1 July 2001
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	1 October 2002
Allan Gray Bond Fund	1 October 2004
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds*	3 February 2004
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund	1 April 2005

^{*}This fund was previously called the Allan Gray Global Equity Fund of Funds and was founded on 1 December 2001 with its investment mandate being to exceed the Morgan Stanley Capital International Index at no greater than average risk. With this mandate, the fund was included in the Foreign Equity General sector.

The fund was re-launched on 3 February 2004 as the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds with its new investment mandate being to provide superior long-term returns (against a benchmark of 60% of the FTSE World Index and 40% of the JP Morgan Government Bond Index Global) while exposing investors to risk similar to the Balanced Fund but less than the average foreign fund. The change in mandate resulted in the fund's classification changing to the Foreign Asset Allocation Flexible sector.

Share Capital

The issued shareholding at 31 December 2005 was as follows:

%	Ordinary
Holding	Shares
100	1 000 060
	Holding

Results of the Company

The results of the company are set out in the accompanying Income Statement and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2005 and the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2005.

Dividends

Declaration Date	Rands Per Share
18 March 2004	32.00
12 July 2004	28.00
10 September 2004	36.00
01 December 2004	30.00
22 March 2005	61.99
14 September 2005	100.00

In 2005 the company declared total dividends of R162 million (2004: R126 million).

Directors

Mr M L Ronald resigned as director with effect from 14 April 2005. Mr R W Dower was appointed as director on 14 September 2005.

Full details of the current directors are given on the back page.

Events subsequent to the year end

No material fact or circumstance has occurred between the accounting date and the date of this report.

The Company's investment in Unit Trust Funds

Investment in Units	2005		2004	
	Units	Fair value	Units	Fair Value
Allan Gray Equity Fund	-	-	71 748	4 977 550
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	273 855	9 950 835	149 031	4 059 508
Allan Gray Stable Fund	-	-	149 031	2 251 222
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds	996 418	9 204 113	99 750	738 254
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	-	-	212 692	2 535 404
Allan Gray Bond Fund	-	-	1 054 935	11 318 825
Allan Gray Money Market Fund	20 500 000	20 500 000	27 156 460	27 156 460

Income Statement

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 R	2004 R
REVENUE	1.3	541 252 040	345 449 705
Service charges		483 440 531	306 563 885
Initial charges received		13 359 934	18 608 564
Income from the company's investment in unit trust funds:			
- Dividends		109 406	81 569
- Interest		2 441 942	2 093 710
Interest received		11 932 966	5 808 403
Management fees	11	29 967 261	12 293 574
OTHER INCOME Gains on disposal of the company's investment in unit trust funds		8 095 087	68 310
OPERATING EXPENSES		165 364 137	104 463 842
Initial charges paid		13 096 234	13 538 838
Linked investment service provider costs		55 345 444	30 528 686
Audit fees			
- Fees for audit		216 924	173 070
- Prior year underprovision		3 555	-
- Other services		-	134 900
Exchange loss		446 947	23 620
Administration fees		964 250	2 298 984
Related party payments	11	80 217 577	48 546 700
Other operating expenses		12 824 800	8 932 677
Interest paid		2 248 406	286 367
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		383 982 990	241 054 173
TAXATION EXPENSE	2	130 725 721	87 975 973
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		253 257 269	153 078 200

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 R	2004 R
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Available for sale investments	3	19 154 948	26 880 763
Current Assets		185 367 375	152 928 527
Trade and other receivables	4	80 621 480	45 257 735
Cash and cash equivalents	5	104 745 895	107 670 792
TOTAL ASSETS		204 522 323	179 809 290
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital	6	1 000 060	1 000 060
Share Premium	6	2 000 000	2 000 000
Revaluation Reserve		3 603 536	7 376 118
Accumulated Profit		140 745 506	49 488 237
TOTAL EQUITY		147 349 102	59 864 415
Non-Current Liabilities			
Deferred taxation liability	7	474 085	873 957
Current Liabilities		56 699 136	119 070 918
Trade and other payables	8	54 481 231	58 559 234
Taxation payable		2 217 905	60 511 684
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		204 522 323	179 809 290

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Share Capital R	Share Premium R	Revaluation Reserve R	Accumulated Profit R	Total R
Balance at 1 January 2004	1 000 060	2 000 000	5 174 264	22 410 037	30 584 361
Fair value adjustment on available for sale investments	-	-	2 658 728	-	2 658 728
Deferred tax arising on fair value adjustments recognised in equity	-	-	(388 564)	-	(388 564)
Release of revaluation reserves on disposal of available for sale investments	_	_	(68 310)	_	(68 310)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	153 078 200	153 078 200
Ordinary dividend	-	-	-	(126 000 000)	(126 000 000)
Balance at 31 December 2004	1 000 060	2 000 000	7 376 118	49 488 237	59 864 415
Fair value adjustment on available for sale investments	-	-	3 922 633	-	3 922 633
Deferred tax arising on fair value adjustments recognised in equity			399 872		399 872
Release of revaluation reserves on disposal of available for sale			339 672		339 672
investments	-	-	(8 095 087)	-	(8 095 087)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	253 257 269	253 257 269
Ordinary dividend	-	-	-	(162 000 000)	(162 000 000)
Balance at 31 December 2005	1 000 060	2 000 000	3 603 536	140 745 506	147 349 102

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 R	2004 R
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated by operations before working capital changes	12.1	363 651 995	233 288 548
Working capital changes	12.2	(39 441 748)	(10 089 446)
Cash generated by operations		324 210 247	223 199 102
Interest received		14 374 908	7 902 113
Dividends received		109 406	81 569
Interest paid		(2 248 406)	(286 367)
Dividends paid		(162 000 000)	(126 000 000)
Taxation paid	12.3	(189 019 500)	(35 648 450)
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(14 573 345)	69 247 967
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investments in unit trusts		(3 507 000)	(12 788 316)
Proceeds on disposal of investments in unit trusts		15 155 448	2 283 884
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		11 648 448	(10 504 432)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		(2 924 897) 107 670 792	58 743 535 48 927 257
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	5	104 745 895	107 670 792

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at either fair value or amortised cost.

1.2 Adoption of IFRS during the year

The Allan Gray Group of companies have adopted all new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods ended 31 December 2005. The comparative figures have been reclassified as required. Adoption of the standards did not have any effect on equity as 01 January 2004, 31 December 2004 or the net profit for the year ended 31 December 2004. The company did not elect to apply any of the exemptions allowed in terms of *IFRS1 – First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards*.

The company will apply IFRS7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures and IAS1 – Presentation of Financial Statements (as amended), when the statements become effective. The statements are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007. The company expects the impact of adopting IFRS 7 to be limited to the financial risk disclosures included in note 10 and IAS1 to be limited to capital adequacy risk disclosure also in note 10.

The following new or revised IFRS have been issued with effective dates applicable to future annual financial statements of the company:

Statement		Effective Date: years beginning on/after
IAS 19	Employee benefits – Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group plans and disclosure	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of intragroup transactions	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Fair Value Option	1 January 2006
IAS 39 amendments	Financial Guarantee Contracts	1 January 2006
IFRIC 8	Scope of IFRS2	1 May 2006
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded derivatives	1 June 2006

These statements are not expected to impact the company's financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the prior year. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

1.3 Revenue Recognition

Revenue excludes any value added taxation and includes service charges from managing and administering the unit trust portfolios, management fees for marketing of Orbis Investment Management Limited's products, income from initial charges on sale of units, interest income, and income distributions from investments in unit trusts. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Income from service charges accrues on a daily basis and is based on the daily market value of the Fund Portfolios.

Management fees from Orbis Investment Management Limited are recognised on a quarterly basis based on the average market value of assets invested in Orbis Funds through the agency of the Company.

Initial charges are collected on behalf of unitholders for the payment of fees to their independent advisers. Income from initial charges is recognised on a gross basis when the sale of units, which gives rise to this income, takes place. Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. Income from unit trust investments is recognised when the declaration date has passed.

1.4 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and available for sale investments. Initially, when financial assets are recognised, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

the instruments. The company determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition.

A financial asset is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

The company accounts for its purchases and sales of financial assets using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date. The trade date is the date that an entity commits itself to purchase or sell an asset.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purposes of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when trade and other receivables and payables are derecognized or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Available for sale investments consist of discretionary holdings in the Allan Gray suite of unit trusts but exclude short-term holdings in the Allan Gray Money Market Fund. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at the fair value, being the price of unit trusts at balance sheet date as published by the Company on a daily basis. Any gains and losses arising on subsequent measurement of available for sale investments are recognised directly in equity by way of a revaluation reserve and presented in the

statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses in the revaluation reserve will be released to operating income on derecognition of these instruments or when the investment is determined to be impaired.

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Where there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred and can be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is recognised through profit and loss.

1.5 Expenses

Initial charges paid represents fees paid to independent advisers and is recognised as an expense rather than a reduction in revenue.

All other expenses, including interest paid, are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis. All transactions with related parties are conducted at arms length.

1.6 Taxation

Current taxation assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

1.7 Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts on the balance sheet. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation assets that would relate to any assessed losses carried forward are recognised to the extent that it would be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

1.8 Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency income and expense amounts are translated at the rate or exchange ruling on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from the translation of assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are credited and debited respectively to the income statement.

1.9 Comparative Information

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to take effect of changes in presentation in the current year. The main adjustments (all made to achieve better disclosure in the current year) are listed below:

1.9.1 Other operating expenses on the face of the Income Statement

Balance reported per the 2004	
financial statements	39 679 420
Disclosed separately on the face of the	
income statement in the current year	
Interest paid	(286 367)
Linked investment service provider costs	(30 528 686)
Profit on sale of investments	68 310
Comparative balance in the	
2005 financial statements	8 932 677

1.9.2 Cashflow Statement

The indirect method of presenting the cashflows of the company was used in the current year.

Also, the following balances have been adjusted to get to the comparative figures in the current year financial statements:

Cash generated by operations	
Balance reported per the 2004	
financial statements	222 981 045
Adjustments:	
Profit on sale of investments	(68 310)
Interest expense	286 367
Comparative balance in the 2005	
financial statements	223 199 102

Net acquisition of investments in unit trusts
Balance reported per the 2004
financial statements 10 572 742

Adjustments:
Profit on sale of investments (68 310)
Comparative balance in the 2005
financial statements 10 504 432

Gross proceeds on disposal of investments and gross payments on acquisition of investments have been disclosed separately on the face on the Cash Flow Statement.

2. TAXATION EXPENSE

	2005 R	2004 R
S A Normal taxation		
- current	109 559 989	72 221 515
- prior year overprovision	(10 731)	-
	109 549 257	72 221 515
Capital gains taxation	939 520	20 493
Secondary tax on		
companies	20 236 943	15 733 965
	130 725 721	87 975 973

The prior year financial statements did not separately disclose normal and capital gains taxation. The comparative column has, however, been adjusted to achieve better disclosure in the current year.

	2005 %	2004 %
Reconciliation of tax rate		
Standard tax rate	29,00	30,00
Adjusted for:		
Exempt income	(0,62)	(0,01)
Non-deductible expenses	0,10	-
Capital gains tax	0,24	-
Other permanent differences	0,04	(0,02)
Secondary tax on		
companies	5,27	6,53
Effective tax rate	34,03	36,50

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

3. INVESTMENTS

It is not the policy of the Manager to maintain a trading stock of units. Units are created as and when required.

Total cost of investments in unit trust funds	
Total market value of investments in unit trust funds	

2005 R	2004 R	
15 077 326	18 630 688	
19 154 948	26 880 763	

Investment in units Allan Gray Equity Fund	2005 R	2004 R
Nil (2004: 71 748) units in Allan Gray Equity Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 10 408.44 cents (2004: 6 937,49 cents)		917 194 4 977 550
Allan Gray Balanced Fund		
273 855 (2004: 149 031) units in Allan Gray Balanced Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 3 633.61 cents (2004: 2 723,93 cents)	5 721 649 9 950 835	1 500 000 4 059 508
Allan Gray Stable Fund		1.500.05
Nil (2004: 149 031) units in Allan Gray Stable Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 1 722.70 cents (2004: 1 510,57 cents)	-	1 500 000 2 251 222
Allan Gray Money Market Fund		1 000 000
Nil (2004: 1 000 000) units in Allan Gray Money Market Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 100,00 cents (2004: 100,00 cents)	-	1 000 000
Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds	0.255.677	1 000 000
996 418 (2004: 99 750) units in Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds at cost Market value at redemption price of 923.72 cents (2004: 740,10 cents)	9 355 677 9 204 113	1 000 000 738 254
Allan Gray Optimal Fund		
Nil (2004: 212 692) units in Allan Gray Optimal Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 1 273,15 cents (2004: 1 192,05 cents)	-	2 140 752 2 535 404
Allan Gray Bond Fund		
Nil (2004: 1 054 935) units in Allan Gray Bond Fund at cost Market value at redemption price of 1 100,68 cents (2004: 1 072,94 cents)		10 572 742 11 318 825

4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Investment income due Receivables from related parties Other receivables

Receivables from relate	d parties are	detailed in	note 11.
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2005	2004
R	R
246 007	216 515
80 284 365	43 170 562
91 108	1 870 658
80 621 480	45 257 735

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

5. CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS

Operating cash in the current account First National Bank call account Allan Gray Money Market Fund Unitholder funds awaiting investment

2005 R	2004 R	
3 081 615	1 387 019	
47 000 000	36 000 000	
20 500 000	26 156 460	
34 164 280	44 127 313	
104 745 895	107 670 792	

Unitholder funds are processed for investment immediately after receiving all necessary information. This information is often received after the unitholders' deposits have been made. (Refer to note 8)

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

Authorised
3 000 000 ordinary shares of R1 each Issued
1 000 060 ordinary shares of R1 each Share Premium Account
Arising on the issue of ordinary shares

2005 R	2004 R
3 000 000	3 000 000
1 000 060	1 000 060
2 000 000	2 000 000

7. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax liability arises on revaluation of the Manager's investments in units based on capital gains since 1 October 2001. Deferred tax has been calculated using an inclusion rate of 50% and a tax rate of 29.0% (effective rate of 14.5%).

Opening balance Effect of changes in tax rate Charged directly to equity Closing balance

2005 R	2004 R	
(873 957)	(485 393)	
29 132	-	
370 740	(388 564)	
(474 085)	(873 957)	

8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Payables to related parties
Accruals and other payables
Unitholder funds awaiting investment

2005 R	2004 R	
8 515 896	4 410 606	
11 801 055	10 021 315	
34 164 280	44 127 313	
54 481 231	58 559 234	

Unitholder funds awaiting investment represents cash received at the year end for which no units have been created. (Refer to note 5)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

9. CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The Company undertakes to repurchase units in accordance with the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No. 45 of 2002 and on terms and conditions set out in the Funds' trust deeds.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's principal financial instruments are trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and available for sale investments.

Trade and other receivables and trade and other payables arise directly from operations.

Available for sale investments consist of discretionary holdings in the Allan Gray suite of unit trusts. These investments are considered most appropriate for preserving and enhancing the company's long-term capital. The investments' actual risk and return profile are monitored and reviewed from time to time to ensure that they remain in line with the company's risk appetite and long-term capital management framework.

Fair Value

Investments in the unit trust funds have been stated at fair value. The directors are of the opinion that the fair value of all remaining financial instruments approximates the carrying amount in the balance sheet as these balances are due within 30 days.

Market risk

A large portion of the Company's income is derived from service charges levied on the unit trust fund portfolios. As the service charges are dependent on the monthly market value of the Allan Gray Unit Trust portfolios, any market movements may affect the Company accordingly. The Company has appointed its holding company, Allan Gray Limited as investment manager of these. The investment management fee paid to Allan Gray Limited is based on the average market value of funds under management and this ensures that the investment manager's interests are aligned with those of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited and unitholders in the unit trust portfolios.

Credit risk

At the balance sheet date potential credit risk consists principally of investments in the Allan Gray unit trust funds, service fees due from the Allan Gary unit trust funds and short-term cash deposits. All these balances are unsecured. During the year, the Company deposited short-term cash surpluses with one of the major banks in the country and this institution is of high quality credit standing. At December 31 2005 the company did not consider there to be any significant concentration of credit risk which needed to be provided for.

Liquidity risk

The Allan Gray group of companies minimised liquidity risk as it had a favourable cash position and capacity for substantial banking facilities at the balance sheet date.

Currency risk

Monitoring of the exchange rate takes place in order to ensure that currency risk is minimised at all times. Cash and cash equivalents include funds of US\$ 3 090 219 (2004: US\$ 584 859) held in a local US dollar bank account.

The unit trust funds' assets under management include foreign denominated holdings in Orbis funds. The Rand value of these assets (and also the service fees and Orbis management fees that use assets under management as a basis for calculation) may fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

Capital adequacy risk

The Collective Investment Schemes Control Act of 2002 requires a manager to, on an ongoing basis, maintain in liquid form the capital for the matters and risks determined by the Registrar. Notice 2072 of 2003 determines the capital requirements with which a manager of a collective investment scheme in securities must comply with. The notice further requires that this calculation of the capital position be submitted to the registrar as at the last business day of each calendar month, within fourteen business days after the end of such calendar month.

Required capital, as defined by Notice 2072 of 2003, consists of three components: basic capital, seed capital and position risk capital.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

- The basic capital component is the greater of R600 000 or a sum equivalent of thirteen weeks' of the Manager's fixed cost calculated as the previous financial year's fixed costs divided by four.
- The Notice requires that seed capital of R1 million be invested by the Manager in each new portfolio administered by the manager. The prescribed amount of R1 million may be reduced by 10 percent for every R1 million invested by investors (independent from the manager) in a portfolio. At 31 December 2005, the Manager did not have any investments held as seed capital.
- Position risk capital is a sum equivalent to a percentage (10% for a money market portfolio, 15% for an income portfolio and 25% for all other portfolios) of the amount paid by the Manager for units in a portfolio administered by itself.

The Company submitted the calculation for all the months during the year and had no reported breaches of the capital requirement.

11. RELATED PARTIES

Relationships exist between Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited, its holding company Allan Gray Limited, fellow subsidiary Allan Gray Investment Services Limited, the Allan Gray suite of unit trust funds and Orbis Investments Management Limited. All transactions with related parties are conducted at arms length and settlement terms are not more favourable than those arranged with third parties.

Transactions with Allan Gray Limited

The Company has appointed its holding company, Allan Gray Limited, as investment manager of the Funds and to undertake certain company administrative and marketing functions. In April 2005, Allan Gray Limited also took over the day to day administration of local unit trusts, which was previously outsourced to Marriot Asset Management (Pty) Limited. The marketing and administration fee for 2005 includes a non-recurring component incurred for the initial set-up of the unit trust administration systems.

Expenses paid to Allan Gray Limited for all services rendered during the year amounted to R80.2m (2004: R48.6m). The balance owed by Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited to Allan Gray Limited as at 31 December 2005 is R6.8m (2004: R4.4m).

Dividends paid to Allan Gray Limited as the holding company amounted to R162m during the year (2004: R126m).

Allan Gray Limited borrowed R50m from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited during the year at a market-related interest rate. Interest of R1 616 372 was earned and received by Allan Gray Unit Trust during the year. There were no outstanding loan or interest balances at 31 December 2005.

The management fee due from Orbis Investment Management Limited is invoiced in US dollars and is deposited in a US dollar denominated account. Balance due to Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited from this dollar denominated account at 31 December 2005 is US\$ 3 090 219 (2004: US\$ 584 859).

Payments to Allan Gray Investment Services Limited

In May 2005, Allan Gray Investment Services Limited (AGIS) launched a retail investment platform with the aim of giving investors direct access to a range of investment funds. This platform supports a focused range of funds, including the Allan Gray suite of unit trusts. In October 2005, the Allan Gray endowment and retirement products were also migrated onto the platform.

The Company pays AGIS a monthly fee based on funds invested in bulk by direct clients and those investing via the endowment and retirement products administered by the AGIS platform. Total fees paid to AGIS during the year amounted to R4.9m (2004: NIL). The balance owed by the Company to AGIS at 31 December 2005 is R1.7m (2004: NIL).

Allan Gray unit trust funds

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited earns a service charge for managing and administering the unit trust funds. Service charges per fund are either performance-based or fixed. As a consequence of the performance fee

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

orientation, service charges will typically be higher following periods where the Funds' total investment performance (income plus capital appreciation) has outperformed the respective benchmarks and lower in the case of underperformance.

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited received a service charge of R483.4m (2004: R306.6m) from the unit trust funds. The balance owed by the funds to Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited at 31 December 2005 is R51.2m (2004: R30.9m) and is detailed as follows:

	VAI exclusive	VAI exclusive
	2005	2004
	R	R
Allan Gray Equity Fund	27 153 651	17 035 370
Allan Gray Balanced Fund	13 763 526	8 184 372
Allan Gray Stable Fund	9 103 513	4 138 470
Allan Gray Optimal Fund	942 993	1 399 979
Allan Gray Bond Fund	10 391	2 856
Allan Gray Money Market Fund	187 059	118 202
	51 161 133	30 879 249

Allan Gray Life Limited

Living Annuity and Endowment policies issued by Allan Gray Life Limited invest in the unit trust funds at arms length.

Orbis Investment Management Limited (Orbis)

A related party relationship exists between the Allan Gray group and Orbis Investment Management Limited by virtue of a common shareholder with significant influence. Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited earns management fees in respect of the marketing of Orbis products as approved in terms of Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Management fees of R30m (2004: R12.3m) were earned during the year from Orbis of which R9.3m (2004: R7.4m) was outstanding at 31 December 2005.

Directors' fees

Directors' fees of R20 000 were earned by Mr E R Swanepoel in the current year (2004: R17 544). The listing of the members of the board of directors is shown on the back page.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

12. NOTES TO CASH FLOW STATEMENT

12.1 Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated by operations before working capital

	2005 R	2004 R
Profit before taxation	383 982 990	241 054 173
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(14 374 908)	(7 902 113)
Dividend income	(109 406)	(81 569)
Gains on disposal of the Company's investment in unit trust funds	(8 095 087)	(68 310)
Interest expense	2 248 406	286 367
	363 651 995	233 288 548
12.2 Working capital changes		
Increase in trade and other receivables	(35 363 745)	(16 953 976)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(4 078 003)	6 864 530
	(39 441 748)	(10 089 446)
12.3 Taxation paid		
Amount owing at the beginning of the year	60 511 684	8 184 161
Amount charged per the income statement	130 725 721	87 975 973
Amount owing at the end of the year	(2 217 905)	(60 511 684)
Amount paid	189 019 500	35 648 450

General information for Investors

- Copies of the audited annual financial statements of the Manager and of the scheme managed by it, are available, at no charge, on request by any investor.
- Performance data is based on a lump sum investment calculated on a NAV to NAV basis with distributions reinvested on the Class A units. The source of the figures quoted is the University of Pretoria's Unit Trust Survey for the period ending 31 December 2005.
- Unit trusts are generally medium- to long-term investments. Except for the Allan Gray Money Market Fund, where a constant unit price will be maintained, the value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices. Different classes of units apply to the Equity, Balanced, Stable and Optimal funds only and are subject to different fees and charges. All of the unit trusts may be capped at any time in order for them to be managed in accordance with their mandates. The funds are valued daily at 16h00.
- The buying price of units may include an initial charge up to a maximum of 3.42% (3% plus VAT) of the investment amount. This initial charge is collected on behalf of unitholders for the payment of fees to their independent advisers and on their instruction.
- On the Allan Gray Equity Fund a performance-based service charge is levied daily on the Class A units which varies between a minimum of 0.0% (plus VAT) per annum and a maximum of 3.42% (3.0% plus VAT) per annum of the daily value of the Fund and for the Class B units the above charges vary between 1.71% (1.5% plus VAT) and 4.67% (4.1% plus VAT).
- On the Allan Gray Balanced Fund a performance-based service charge is levied daily on the Class A units which varies between a minimum of 0.57% (0.5% plus VAT) per annum and a maximum of 1.71% (1.5% plus VAT) per annum of the daily value of the Fund and for the Class B units the above charges vary between 1.82% (1.6% plus VAT) and 2.96% (2.6% plus VAT).
- On the Allan Gray Stable Fund a performance-based service charge is levied daily on the Class A units, which varies between a minimum of 0.57% (0.5% plus VAT) per annum and a maximum of 1.71% (1.5% plus VAT) per annum of the daily value of the Fund and for the Class B units the above charges vary between 1.82% (1.6% plus VAT) and 2.96% (2.6% plus VAT).
- On the Allan Gray Bond Fund a performance-based service charge is levied daily on the Class A units, which varies between a minimum of 0.285% (0.25% plus VAT) per annum and a maximum of 0.855% (0.75% plus VAT) per annum of the daily value of the Fund.

- On the Allan Gray Money Market Fund a fixed fee of 0.285% (0.25% plus VAT) per annum is levied daily on the daily value of the Fund.
- On the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds, no fee applies. The underlying funds in which this Fund invests, however, have their own fee structure.
- On the Allan Gray Optimal Fund a fixed fee of 1.14% (1% plus VAT) for class A units and 2.39% (2.10% plus VAT) for the class B units per annum is levied daily on the daily value of the Fund. In addition, a performance-fee of 20% (excluding VAT) of the daily outperformance to the benchmark is also levied. However, a high watermark principle applies in that no fees are charged in times of underperformance, until such time as the underperformance is recovered.
- On the Allan Gray-Orbis Global Equity Feeder Fund, no fee applies. The underlying fund in which this Fund invests, however, has its own fee structure.
- Units will be repurchased by the Manager at the ruling price in accordance with the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Act and on terms and conditions set forth in the relevant Deed and paid to the investor.
- Units are priced using the future pricing method. Investment, redemption and switching instructions received after 12h00 on any day shall be processed on the following day (excluding weekends and public holidays) at the value of the units on the day that the instruction is processed.
- Statements are mailed to all investors on a quarterly basis, and advices on a transaction basis (excluding debit orders).
- The FTSE/JSE Africa Index Series is calculated by FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") in conjunction with the JSE Limited ("JSE") in accordance with standard criteria. The FTSE/JSE Africa Index Series is the proprietary information of FTSE and the JSE. All copyright subsisting in the FTSE/JSE Africa Index Series index values and constituent lists vests in FTSE and the JSE jointly. All their rights are reserved.

ALLAN GRAY UNIT TRUSTS - CHARACTERISTICS AND OBJECTIVES

	EQUITY FUND	BALANCED FUND	STABLE FUND	BOND FUND
Benchmark	FTSE/JSE All Share Index including income.	Average (market value- weighted) of the Domestic Prudential Medium Equity Sector excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund.	After-tax return of call deposits (for amounts in excess of R1m) with FirstRand Bank Limited plus 2%.	All Bond Index.
Maximum Net Equity Exposure	100%	75%	60%	0%
Portfolio Structure	A share portfolio selected for superior long-term returns.	A portfolio (which can include all asset classes) selected for superior long-term returns.	A portfolio (which can include all asset classes) chosen for its high income yielding potential. The intention is to keep the share or equity portion significantly below 60%.	A portfolio invested in a combination of South African interest-bearing securities including bonds, loan stock, debentures, fixed deposits, money market instruments and cash.
Portfolio Manager	Stephen Mildenhall	Arjen Lugtenburg	Stephen Mildenhall	Jack Mitchell and Sandy McGregor
Return Objectives	Superior long-term returns.	Superior long-term returns.	Superior after-tax returns compared to bank deposits.	Superior returns compared to the All Bond Index.
Risk of Monetary Loss	Fund but less than average	Fund. This is a medium risk	Seeks to preserve capital over any two-year period with low risk of capital loss.	Risk is higher than the Money Market Fund, but lower than the Balanced Fund.
Target Market	Investors seeking long-term wealth creation. Investors should be comfortable with market fluctuations i.e. short-term volatility. Typically the investment horizon is five-year plus.	• Investors who wish to substantially comply with the Prudential Investment Guidelines of the Pension	Risk-averse investors who require a high degree of capital stability. Investors who are retired or nearing retirement. Investors who require a regular income. Investors who seek to preserve capital over any two year period.	Investors seeking returns in excess of that provided by income funds, the money market funds or cash. Investors who are prepared to accept some risk of capital loss in exchange for the prospect of increased returns. Investors who want to draw a regular income stream without consuming capital.
Income Yield	Low income yield.	Average income yield.	High income yield.	High income yield.
Income Distribution*	Distributes bi-annually.	Distributes bi-annually.	Distributes quarterly.	Distributes quarterly.
Compliance with Reg.28 of the Pension Funds Act (Prudential Investment Guidelines)**	Does not comply.	Complies.	Complies.	Complies.
Fee Principles • transparency • alignment of investor interests with our own	Performance fee for outperformance of the FTSE/JSE All Share Index over a two-year rolling period.	Performance fee for outperformance of the average Domestic Prudential Medium Equity Sector Fund over a two-year rolling period.	Performance fee for outperformance of taxed bank deposits. No fees if there is a negative return experienced over a two-year rolling period.	Performance fee for outperformance of the All Bond Index over a one-year rolling period.
Minimum Lump Sum Investment Requirement (Retirement product, endowment and retail investment platform minimums apply)	R10 000 lump sum and/or R500 per month debit order.	R5 000 lump sum and/or R500 per month debit order.	R5 000 lump sum and/or R500 per month debit order.	R25 000 lump sum and/or R2 500 per month debit order.

^{*} TO THE EXTENT THAT THE TOTAL EXPENSES EXCEED THE INCOME EARNED IN THE FORM OF DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST, THE FUNDS WILL NOT MAKE A DISTRIBUTION.

^{**} ALLAN GRAY UNIT TRUST MANAGEMENT LIMITED DOES NOT MONITOR COMPLIANCE BY RETIREMENT FUNDS WITH SECTION 19(4) OF THE PENSION FUNDS ACT (ITEM 9 OF ANNEXURE TO REGULATION 28

OPTIMAL FUND	MONEY MARKET FUND	GLOBAL FUND OF FUNDS	GLOBAL EQUITY FEEDER FUND
Daily call rate of FirstRand Bank Limited. (for amounts in excess of R1m).	Simple average of the Domestic Fixed Unit Trust Sector excluding Allan Gray Money Market Fund.	60% of the FTSE World Index and 40% of the JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index.	FTSE World Index.
15%	0%	100%	100%
A portfolio of carefully selected shares. The stockmarket risk inherent in these share investments will be substantially reduced by using equity derivatives.	A portfolio invested in selected money market instruments providing a high income yield and a high degree of capital stability.	A Rand-denominated balanced portfolio invested in selected FSB registered Orbis funds. The Fund will always hold a minimum 85% of its assets offshore.	A Rand-denominated portfolio feeding directly into the FSB registered Orbis Global Equity Fund.
Stephen Mildenhall	Michael Moyle	Stephen Mildenhall (William Gray is the Portfolio Manager of the underlying Orbis funds.)	Stephen Mildenhall (William Gray is the Portfolio Manager of the Orbis Global Equity Fund.)
Superior returns compared to bank deposits.	Superior money market returns.	Superior long-term returns.	Superior long-term returns.
Low risk and little or no correlation to stock or bond markets.	Low risk of capital loss and high degree of capital stability.	Risk similar to Balanced Fund but less than average foreign balanced mandate.	Risk higher than the Global Fund of Funds.
Risk-averse investors. Investors who wish to diversify a portfolio of shares or bonds. Retirement schemes and multi-managers who wish to add a product with an alternative investment strategy to their overall portfolio.	Highly risk-averse investors. Investors seeking a short-term "parking place" for their funds.	 Investors who would like to invest in an offshore balanced fund. Those seeking to invest locally in Rands, but benefit from offshore exposure. Investors wanting to gain exposure to markets and industries that are not necessarily available locally. Investors who wish to hedge their investments against any Rand depreciation. 	Investors who would like to invest in an offshore global equity fund but do not have the minimum required to invest directly in the Orbis Global Equity Fund. Those seeking to invest locally in Rands, but benefit from offshore exposure. Investors wanting to gain exposure to markets and industries that are not necessarily available locally. Investors who wish to hedge their investments against any Rand depreciation.
Low income yield.	High income yield.	Low income yield.	Low income yield.
Distributes bi-annually.	Distributes daily and pays out monthly.	Distributes annually.	Distributes annually.
Does not comply.	Complies.	Does not comply.	Does not comply.
Fixed fee of 1.0% (excl. VAT) p.a, plus performance fee of 20% of the daily outperformance of the benchmark. In times of underperformance no performance fees are charged until the underperformance is recovered.	Fixed fee of 0.25% (excluding VAT) per annum.	No fee. The underlying funds, however, have their own fee structure.	No fee. The underlying fund, however, has its own fee structure.
R25 000 lump sum and/or R2 500 per month debit order.	R50 000 lump sum and/or R5 000 per month debit order.	R25 000 lump sum. No debit orders are permitted.	R25 000 lump sum. No debit orders are permitted.



MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited This company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allan Gray Limited. Some of the Directors of Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited are shareholders in the holding company, Allan Gray Limited.

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

W J C Mitchell B Com

R W Dower B Sc (Eng) MBA

G W Fury BA LLB MA CFA

E D Loxton B Com (Hons) MBA

J C de Lange B Proc CFP (Chairman)

Non-executive Directors

E R Swanepoel BA LLB LLM (Tax)

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Allan Gray Limited

TRUSTEES

First National Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

BANKERS

First National Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited

COMPANY SECRETARY

C Mason BA LLB

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER

1998/007756/06

REGISTERED OFFICE

Granger Bay Court Beach Road V&A Waterfront Cape Town 8001

POSTAL ADDRESS

PO Box 51605 V&A Waterfront Cape Town

TELEPHONE.

8002

+27 (0)21 415 2301 Client Service Centre 0860 000 654 (Within SA only)

+27 (0)21 415 2492

Client Service Facsimile 0860 000 655 (Within SA only)

E-MAIL

info@allangray.co.za

INTERNET

www.allangray.co.za